

ARMY SONGS

MERCY STILL FOR THEE.

Tunes.—Mercy still for thee, 49;
Haste away to Jesus, 35; S. B. 50.
O wanderer, knowing not the smile
Of Jesus' lovely face,
In darkness living all the while,
Rejecting offered grace:
To thee Jehovah's voice doth sound,
Thy soul He waits to free;
Thy Saviour hath a ransom found,
There's mercy still for thee.

Chorus.

There's mercy still for thee!
Poor trembling soul, He'll make thee
whole.

For thee, though sunk in deep de-
spair, thy Saviour's Blood was
shed;

He for thy sins was as a lamb to
cruel slaughter led,
That thou mightest find, poor sin-
sick soul, a pardon full and free;
What boundless grace, what won-
derous love, there's mercy still
for thee.

THEY TELL OF A CITY.

Tune.—I want to go there.
They tell of a city far up in the sky,
I want to go there, I do.
It is in the land of the sweet by-
and-by.

I want to go there, I do.
There Jesus has gone to prepare us
a home.

I want to go there, I do.
There sickness, or sorrow, or death
cannot come.

I want to go there, I do.
Its gates are all pearl, its streets are
all gold.

The Lamb is the light of that city,
we're told:
Death rolls us all here, there none
ever die.

The loved ones forever will never
say good-bye.

When Jesus is crowned King of all
kings,
With singing and clapping till all
Heaven rings;

Hallelujah! we'll sing again and
again,
And those with the chorus Amen
and Amen!

COME, YE SINNERS.

Tunes.—Austria, 162; He is bring-
ing to His soul, 166; S. B. 44.

Come, ye sinners, drifting down-
wards
Weak and wounded, sick and
sore.

Jesus ready stands to save you,
Full of pity, love, and power!
He is able.

He is willing, doubt no more.
Let not conscience make you linger,
Nor of sinners loosely dream;

All the fitness He requir-
eth
Is to feel your need of Him;
This He gives you;

'Tis the Spirit's rising beam.
Come, ye weary, heavy-laden,
Bruised and ruined by the fall;

If you tarry till you're better,
You will never come at all;
Not the righteous
Sinners Jesus came to call.

ALL FOR JESUS.

Tunes.—A. J. 122; M. S. 11, 30.
I have given up all for Jesus.

This vain world is naught to me;
All its pleasures are forgotten
In remembering Calvary.

Though my friends despise, forsake
me,
For the world looks cold,
That will stand by me
When the pearly gates unfold.

Chorus.
Life's morn will soon be waning,
And its evening bells will toll;
But my heart will know no sadness
When the pearly gates unfold.

When the voice of Jesus calls me,
And the angels whisper low,
I will lean upon my Saviour,
Through the valley of the lowly go.
I will claim His precious promise,
Worth to me the world of gold,
"Fear no evil, I'll be with thee
When the pearly gates unfold."

Just beyond the waves of Jordan,
Just beyond the chilling tide,
Blooms the tree of life immortal,
And the living waters glide;
In that happy land of spirits
Flowers bloom on hills of gold,
And the angels are awaiting
Where the pearly gates unfold.

STILL THEY ADVANCE.

Some Interesting Facts About the
Progress of Lindsay, Ont.

Adjutant Cornish and Captain
Little were with us for the week-
end, Feb. 20th-21st, and led some
rousing meetings. On the Sunday
afternoon the Adjutant commission-
ed the Local Officers, Bandsmen and
Songsters; some fifty-four commis-
sions in all being given out. At
night an enrollment took place, and
everyone expressed much gratifica-
tion over the visit to the Adjutant
and Captain.

Since the arrival of Captain and
Mrs. Hancock, the Corps has made
good progress, souls have been
added, and a "War Cry" Brigade of
six Sergeants and a Publication Ser-
geant-Major has been organized.
"War Cry's" have increased from
one hundred and twenty-five to two
hundred, with good prospects of a
further increase, and "Young Sol-
diers" have also gone ahead.

The Young People's Work has
also been reorganized, and five
Young People's Sergeants and a
Young People's Treasurer have been
commissioned. Cartridges are almost
doubled, and attendances are in-
creasing. Three new members have
been added to the League of Mercy,
and a Band of Love has been start-
ed. Five Recruits have been added
to the roll, and seventy seekers have
knelt at the Mercy Seat.

SYDNEY MINES, N.S.

We are still in for victory at this
Corps, and souls are getting saved.
We were very sorry to lose two of
our comrades, who have fared well
for the front. They were Young
People's Sergeant-Major Little and
Bandsman Edwards. We shall
miss them very much, but pray that
God may go with them and protect
them, and that even at the battle's
front they may fight for the King of
kings and win souls for him.—Sis. V.

GOOD-BYE, BERMUDA.

Captain and Mrs. Graves Say Fare-
well to St. George's, Bermuda.

On Sunday evening, Feb. 21st,
Captain and Mrs. Graves said fare-
well to the comrades and friends of
this place, after a stay of two years.
God has blessed their work in our
midst, and made them the means of
winning souls for Him. It is also
interesting to note that Captain
Graves was the first Officer to get
married at this Corps.—J. K.

Let go Everything He has shown
you must and should be
His disposal.

COMING EVENTS

THE COMMISSIONER'S APPOINTMENTS

Winnipeg.—Saturday, March 13;
Soldiers' Council; Sunday, March
14; Young People's Day; Mon-
day, March 15, Swedish Corps.
Fort William, March 17.
Sudbury.—March 18.
Galt.—March 24.
Berlin.—March 25.
Brantford.—March 26.
Cochran.—March 27-28.
(Lieut.-Colonels Turner and Har-
grave will accompany.)

THE CHIEF SECRETARY

*Kingston.—March 20-21.
*Chester.—Young People's Annual,
March 22.
*Temple.—March 28.
(*Mrs. Gaskin will accompany.)

LIEUT.-COLONEL SMEETON.
Lisgar, Mar. 6-15 inclusive; Bar-
court, Mar. 17.

BRIGADIER MORRIS.

Toronto 1, Mar. 19; Wyckwood,
Mar. 21; Yorkville, Mar. 28.

BRIGADIER BETTRIDGE.

Ridgetown, Mar. 13-14; St. Thomas,
Mar. 15; London 1, Mar. 18.

BRIGADIER RAWLING.

Kingston, Mar. 13-14; Trenton, Mar.
15; Picton, Mar. 16; Napanea,
Mar. 17.

BRIGADIER TAYLOR.

Yarmouth, Mar. 13-15; Digby, Mar.
16.

BRIGADIER CAMERON.

(Assisted by Captain Eastwell and
Battalion of Women Cadets.)
Parliament Street, Mar. 27; King
Street, Mar. 28.

BRIGADIER McLEAN.

Winnipeg 1, Mar. 13; Winnipeg
Young People's Day, Mar. 14;
Winnipeg 4, Mar. 15; Fort Wil-
liam, Mar. 17; Port Arthur, Mar.
18; Kenora, Mar. 19.

BRIGADIER ABBY.

Cobalt, Mar. 13; Haliburton, Mar.
14; New Liskeard, Mar. 15; North
Bay, Mar. 16; Orillia, Mar. 17;
Galt, Mar. 24; Berlin, Mar. 25;
Brantford, Mar. 26; Guelph, Mar.
27, 28, and 29.

MAJOR WALTON.

Belleville, Mar. 13-14; Trenton,
Mar. 15; Picton, Mar. 16; Na-
panee, Mar. 17.

MAJOR COOMES.

St. John 2, March 14.

THE STAFF SONGSTERS.

Lisgar Street (Special Campaign),
March 6-15 inclusive.

STAFF-CAPTAIN WHITE.

St. Mary's, Mar. 13-14; Saratoga,
Mar. 20-21.

STAFF-CAPTAIN PEACOCK.

Winnipeg 1, Mar. 13; Winnipeg
Young People's Day, Mar. 14;
Winnipeg 4, Mar. 15; Fort Wil-
liam, Mar. 17; Port Arthur, Mar.
18; Kenora, Mar. 19.

Captain Clayton.

Dundas, Mar. 16; St. Catharines,
Mar. 17.

Mrs. Blanche Johnston,
Barrie, Mar. 17; West Tor-
onto, Mar. 18; Port Arthur, Mar. 19;
Kenora, Mar. 20; April 1.

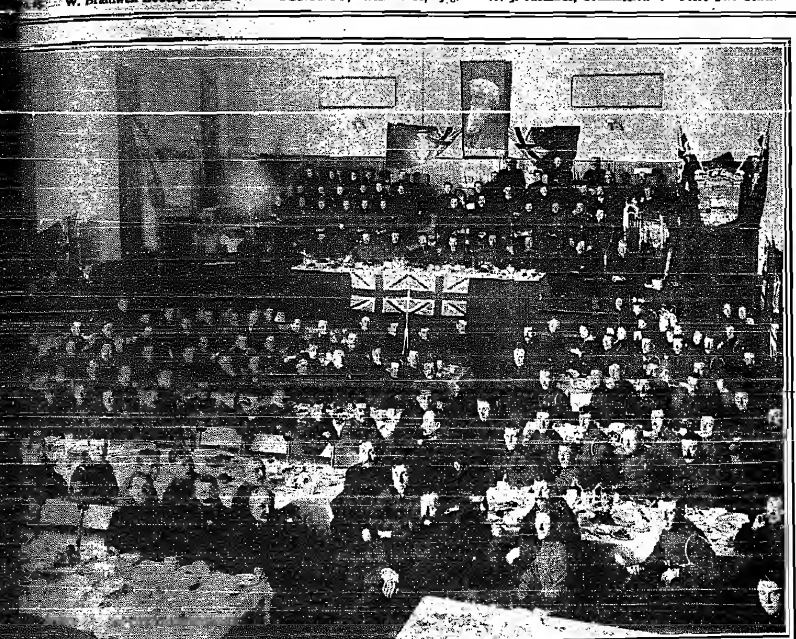
WAR CRY

OFFICIAL GAZETTE OF THE SALVATION ARMY IN CANADA AND NEWFOUNDLAND

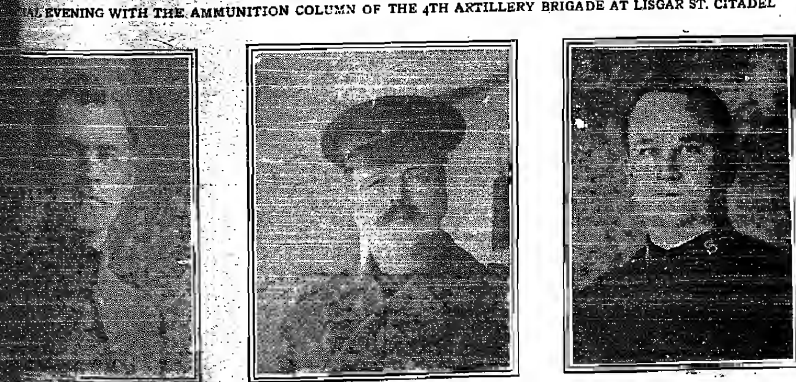
Headquarters: 101 Queen Victoria St., London, E.C.

Territorial Headquarters: James and Albert Sts., Toronto.

W. Bramwell Booth, General TORONTO, MARCH 20, 1915. W. J. Richards, Commissioner. Price Two Cents.



EVENING WITH THE AMMUNITION COLUMN OF THE 4TH ARTILLERY BRIGADE AT LISGAR ST. CITADEL



MAJOR McLEAN, Senior Chaplain of the Training Camp, Exhibition Grounds, Toronto. ENSIGN ROBINSON, Salvation Army Chaplain.

THE OBJECT OF THE OVER-coming Faith is God. Him- self. Genuine Faith will rest on no creature, no feeling, no resolution, on nothing short of the Living God.

The confidence that moves the mountains of misery and vice; that raises to life the dead in trespasses and sins; that makes us the masters of passion and pride, and lifts us up to walk in the way of Holiness, is Faith in God alone. No human power can aid us. To trust in the flesh is to fall for ever.

Take God at His Word.

It is true you will have to take your part in working out your own salvation, and the Salvation of those around you, up to the level of your ability, as men and women. You could not expect God to do His share of the work on any other terms.

Still, after all that you can say or do, the Faith that is wanted is the simple, taking of God at His word, and the unquestioning reliance of your heart on Him.

You, after all has been said and done, your Faith must rest on God, and on His loving, active co-operation.

THE OBJECT OF FAITH

By The Late General

In a recent issue we printed a paper by The Army's Founder in which he had striven to show what Faith is. In this second paper he dealt with another phase of the all-important subject, which has special importance at this time, seeing that the great condition of successful prayer is unwavering faith.—Ed.]

tion. He is the Author of every good and perfect work; therefore, have Faith in Him.

The Faith you require means more confidence in the means to be employed.

The means you may adopt, or the instruments you may employ, may be good; but without God they are of no service. Indeed, instead of these things leading people to rely on God, alas! they often lead them away to trusting in themselves.

Where Many Fail.

Do not many people fail at this point? They think they are exercising a belief in their Heavenly Father's care, when all the time they are simply trusting to the provision they have made for their own security. You will have heard, perhaps, of

the woman who, when the captain, during a storm at sea, announced that the passengers must trust in God, as he could do no more for them, exclaimed, "Goodness, gracious! That is just what I want!"

Misuse of Means.

Some people, instead of trusting in God, rely on their OWN prayers, their ceremonies, or their sacraments. They go through these with little reverence for God, or concern about themselves. Such people convert means that are good in themselves into a godless way of putting them in the place of God.

But I am afraid that with many, the Faith for Salvation they do exercise is in man and human means, rather than in the Living God. Yet Salvation is of the Lord. It is

God who saves.

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THE WEEK'S BEST STORY

SELECTED FROM THE ARMY'S PRESS

JEAN McDONALD'S BOY

HOW HE WANDERED INTO A "FAR LAND," BUT CAME TO HIMSELF THROUGH AN ARMY MEETING.

JEAN McDONALD bent lovingly over her first-born, her eyes full of tender mother-love; then, as the child stirred a little, she crooned a low, cradle song, one foot on the rocker of the old-fashioned cradle, her fingers busy with the long grey stockings she was knitting for her John. She was a happy wife and mother, and John was all the world to her. Now, with the babe, her cup of joy seemed indeed full, and there was nothing to mar her peace. They were doing well on the little farm; the stock had steadily grown, and this year they had been able to pay off the mortgage on the other field, so the prospect before them appeared very bright indeed.

The pleasant, red-tiled kitchen looked cozy and comfortable, a cheerful fire burned on the wide hearth, and though the storm roared loudly without, all spoke of a blessed calm within. "It was a wild, blinding snow," said Jean, as she sat there, Jean could hear the distant murmur of the sea, and her heart went up a prayer for the poor folk who were forced to be out on the waters on such a night. Every now and then a gust of wind would drive the rain, clattering against the window.

And so, one day, Jean, despite her kindling tears, and the tug at her heart, gathered her things together, and every star seemed to be twinkling her quickly-darkening sky as she did so. "Johnnie, liddle," said she, "I mean never see thee again. But, my liddle, yer miller will follow ye, every stop in the way. And, dearie, promise me in the way of evil men. John's eyes were fixed on the floor

of the red-tiled kitchen. "He was feeling the parting now. Pain would have drawn back, even then—only—well, he must go to Glasgow. Years of sin and dissipation followed, and in the little home on the moor a mother's heart yearned for a sight of the liddle in the city, and for a good word from some one to tell of his whereabouts, but no tidings came to her. The father almost cursed his boy for his neglect—but Jean loved, and loved on.

"Twas in a Melbourne (Australia) Army Home for Men that Christmas festivities were the order of the day. And a Christmas morning meeting was being held for the inmates of the Home. An Officer from the Melbourne Headquarters was leading the meeting, and his message from the Bible told of One Who had 'ascended on high'—and 'led captivity captive.' The Ensign pleaded that Christ might have His rightful place in the hearts of all, and that the dear men present might allow their captivity to be ended, through the Christ of God.

Only one soul came to Jesus that morning, but the Ensign felt his heart was fully rewarded for years of service by the knowledge that the one young John it was to write the first letter home. Surely the angels told the story in Heaven!—Australian 'I' real Officer and Bandman."

LOSING ONE'S TEMPER. A Lot More 'Is' Lost Also. A man employed at a sawmill got into a badly and struck his foreman. He was immediately discharged, but he would have his revenge. One night he set fire to the mill, but almost as soon as he had applied the match he was filled with remorse, and worked harder than ever to try to put out the flames. The wood was then well alight, and the mill was destroyed. The foolish fellow, who

wasn't able to control his temper, lost his best friend, even then—only—well, he must go to Glasgow. Years of sin and dissipation followed, and in the little home on the moor a mother's heart yearned for a sight of the liddle in the city, and for a good word from some one to tell of his whereabouts, but no tidings came to her. The father almost cursed his boy for his neglect—but Jean loved, and loved on.

These are the things that often happen when a man loses his temper. He may think he is getting even, but he is only losing himself. He may think he is getting even, but he is only losing himself. He may think he is getting even, but he is only losing himself.

HARRY'S BACK. He Wanted to Go Back to the Front. Little five-year-old Harry, who had been a soldier, and a good one, too, was back in the front line. He was a little fellow, but he was a good one, too. He was a little fellow, but he was a good one, too.

THE LADS IN KHAKI. The Ensign's Little Lad. The Ensign's little lad, who was a good one, too, was back in the front line. He was a little fellow, but he was a good one, too. He was a little fellow, but he was a good one, too.

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Salvation Army and the Military

Helping the Empire in its Hour of Need—What We Are Doing Amongst the Troops in Canadian Camps

AMMUNITION COLUMN ENTERTAINED AT LISGAR ST. CITADEL

—THOUSAND—Salvationists in the Army. Such was the

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and soldiers, who showed warm appreciation of The Army's effort.

Owing to the concentration of some four thousand men at the Exhibition Grounds in Toronto, we have been enabled to do something on a larger scale than elsewhere, and to set apart one Officer—Ensign Robinson—to devote his whole time and attention to this work. What the Ensign has done during the six weeks he has been with the troops is shown by the following figures: Meetings held, 15; No. attending, 1,350; Soldiers personally spoken to, 2,073; Soldiers personally prayed with, 128; No. made public decision for Christ and signed cards, 79; No. converted as result of personal interview, 11.

TREAT FOR ARTILLERYMEN

The Ensign visits the men in their barracks rooms, guard rooms, and drill halls. He makes a special point of visiting military prisoners and the sick men in hospital. At 9:15 p.m. he goes to their sleeping quarters and gathers as many men as he can around the stove in order to listen to Bible-reading and prayer before they retire. Occasionally a special treat is arranged for certain units.

A very pleasant evening, for instance, was spent by the officers and men of the Ammunition Column of the Fourth Artillery Brigade at Lisgar Street Citadel on Thursday, March 4th. The Hall was suitably draped with Union Jacks and presented a very festive appearance with long, well-proportioned tables, extending from side to side. After supper the troops were entertained by music, song, and speeches, and apparently enjoyed themselves first-rate. It made a very welcome break in the monotony of camp life, a fact which was referred to by the various officers of the Column who spoke. Lieut.-Colonel Chandler was chairman, and he speedily made all feel at home by his warm words of welcome.

"We are glad to see you here to-night," he said, "and we want every box of you to understand that our hearts beat warmly towards you, and anything we can do to make your life pleasant to you is a pleasure to us. You happen to be one of the companies that Major McLean, the Camp Chaplain, told us some weeks ago that we could have the privilege of looking after. Ensign Robinson has rubbed shoulders with you from time to time, and now we are here for a pleasant little evening. We hope that in the days to come you may all think of the good time you had with your Salvation Army friends."

Captain Thompson, Chaplain of the Field Artillery, expressed his appreciation of The Army's effort in helping the troops. "We all know, he said, "and we all know the work they have done. This is an instance of their kindness and readiness to help out. Little things like this brighten up our life and make it easier. We do not know what is ahead of us. It is our duty to be absolutely fit, in body, in mind, and in soul, to do the duties that are laid upon us. That's our work now, to make ourselves fit. And as we go to those duties we will all carry with us memories of this meeting. It means a great deal to chaps who are away from home to have these kindnesses shown to us. Whenever we see The Salvation Army we recognize friends, who stand for those who have no friends, to uplift the unfortunate, and to uplift those who have fallen. When we see The Army uniform at the front, the men of the Ammunition Column will not be slow in returning the kindness shown them."

"HE'S A JOLLY GOOD FELLOW"

Major McCallum, being called on to make a few observations, did so in his usual humorous manner. When the Commanding Officer of the Column

—Captain Lovelace—rose to speak, he was greeted by his men in a most hearty fashion—they all rising and singing "He's a jolly good fellow," as soldiers know how to sing it. "We certainly appreciate the feeling that prompted The Salvation Army to invite us here," said the Captain. "The people of Canada have been very kind in the men who are going to fight the battles of the country. I do not think there has ever been a time when the men have been so thoroughly entered for—and we appreciate it. All the men of Canada are imbued with the importance of the undertaking. We have been compelled, if we would uphold our national honour, to enter this war whether we would or not. We would not be worthy of the rights of the Empire if we shirked at the present time. I just want to say that we thank you from the bottom of our hearts for this entertainment."

"I was pleased to hear that a Chaplain had been appointed from The Salvation Army. It goes without saying that you have one of the finest systems of organization that has ever been heard of. I happened a little over a year ago to be on the train which carried General Hamwell South to Winnipeg. I saw the civic reception he received there. It was magnificent. I am told you have some thousands of men on the firing line. You are lining your work here and there. I want to thank you heartily for what you do for them, and for the men of the Ammunition Column."

Lieutenants Curtis and Zimmerman also spoke briefly, expressing their thanks to The Army for the pleasant evening.

SOME REMARKS ON BEING FIT

Colonel Gaskin's speech had a ring of patriotism about it which called forth hearty cheers from the soldiers. He spoke to them of fitness—body, mental, and spiritual. "While we say that there is no man bearing the British arms, following the Union Jack, or standing in the trenches, who is not ready to die, we want all men to be ready to die in another sense. To be ready to die because they are ready to meet their Maker. When a man is ready to die in that sense he is a stimulus to his comrades."

The Camp Chaplain, Major (Rev.) J. R. McLean, paid a high tribute to the work of Ensign Robinson at the Camp. "I do not know of any other man who has done more effective work," he said. "I would also speak with respect to the deep sympathy of The Salvation Army for the work of the camp. The Salvation Army is a world-wide in its Christian sympathy; it is an organization that keeps an open door into the world. But whilst The Salvation Army is world-wide in its sympathies, it is intensely loyal. I remember the day when, to be a Salvationist was to suffer persecution; but The Salvation Army is coming into its own."

He concluded by thanking The Army for its kindness in providing the entertainment, and Captain Lovelace, springing up, called for three cheers for The Army, which were given with a will.

AN INTERESTING PROGRAMME

The Lisgar Street Band played several selections during the evening, and the Songsters sang twice. Bandmaster Hart soloed, and the trumpet of the Column gave a cornet solo which greatly pleased the company. "The British" and "God Save the King" were sung, of course, and then the Ammunition Column marched back to camp, well pleased with the happy time they had had.

These are some of the ways in which The Salvation Army is endeavouring to help our soldier boys in Canada as they measure themselves for the arduous task before them.

1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 26

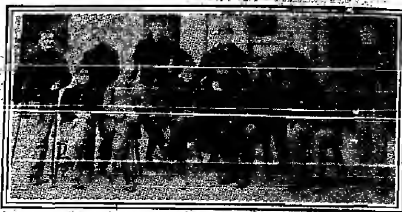
**Mrs. Adjutant McElheney Submits
a Report of Her First
Year's Work**

A Few Have Returned

We have sent twenty girls to homes and have had those responsible for their condition, prosecuted, and where sufficient evidence could not be obtained to carry on a criminal prosecution, they were made to pay the expenses so far as possible. We arranged with our homes at Toronto and Ottawa to take the girls, and when they were ready to come we have seen that they got com-

(Concluded on Page 14)

WHO ARE RECUPERATING AT THE ARMY'S SOCIAL FARM
IN SOUTH AFRICA

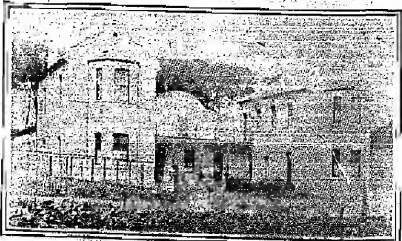


From the Field of Honour.—Monsieur Mathieu, the Leader of the Party, is the central figure in the front row, with Brigadier King (Social Secretary) on his left.

The Rondebosch Social Farm Home, in the left wing of which our Belgian Guests are accommodated.

War's Frightful Demands.

Most of them are tall, and big, and muscular; a couple are tall and sinewy, with an inclination to slenderness, and one a student is round-faced, round-eyed, and boyishly eager. But everyone of them is bat-



February 13. I shall certainly be disappointed
has been one of if I am unable to proceed to the

"Chaplain stated that the Chaplains were called out, stating



Corps Cadets of Prince Albert, Sask., with Corps Cadet Guardian
Mempham:

The building was packed to the doors, and it was a most interesting and enthusiastic service. I also had the pleasure of seeing some of our old Canadian Officers, among them number being Colonel and Mrs. Sawton and Lieut. Colonel and Mrs. Pugnire and family. They are all looking well, and have a warm place in their hearts for Canada; in fact, I think, both families would have no objection to returning to the Land

had an interview with the interviewee Lamb, and was satisfied that at the moment, I thought it was not possible to attach me in some way. Motor Ambulance Commissioner has the consideration, and I was ready in the week if I can be carried

THROUGH JORDAN'S FLOOD

A faithful warrior has gone home to her rest; through the vale of suffering and the dark waters of death she has passed triumphantly to the land where pain and sorrow are unknown, singing with almost her last



Sister Mrs. Gould Temple

With her husband and family, she went to England and lived for some time at Bedford. The next move was to Canada, and they settled at first in Windsor, N.S., later going on to Toronto, where Mr. Gould took the position of Janitor at Territorial Headquarters. Our late sister was appointed Penitentiary Farm Sergeant.

of the Temple Corps, and many remember her with gratitude for her helpful and timely counsel and her practical kindness. Until prevented by increasing weakness she was a regular attendant at the Corps open-air, and was always at her post in the indoor meetings, ready to deal with any person who might come to the Penitent Form. She was happiest

(Continued on Page 12.)



Brother Hudson, Parry Sound

some of Mr. Smith's friends. They all enjoyed the lecture, especially some of the boys who are shortly leaving for Canada.

This home is without exception the finest equipped I have been in. It is due to Mr. Smith's interest and work that it is fitted up so well. It is located at Wapping, in a very healthy district.

I have not heard anything definitely about moving out yet, but I may go to France to link up with the work Headquarters is establishing at the different bases. In the meantime I am endeavouring to possess my soul in patience and do what I can here. Yours faithfully,
—Robert Penfold, Adjutant.

A SAVATIONIST
ARTILLERYMAN

**Writes of Some of His Experiences
at the Front.**

Captain Snow, who is in an artillery battery at the front, writes as follows: "I have had many experiences since I came out here. I have slept and eaten almost in every place, and counted myself lucky sometimes to have any place at all. My experience of actual fighting is not much, because I am in the artillery, and we don't get the same ex-

"This does not mean that I have not been in some hot places. About Jan. 13th we were a very lucky crowd to escape shell fire. Four were injured. We don't mind that so much, though. It is the hardships of being out there that I don't like."

"The weather has been much against us for a long time, O course, this makes it hot under foot, and is one cause why we have not been able to advance. However, I trust we shall be blessed with fine weather soon. I pray God that He will soon bring this to an end.

"War is a terrible thing. One cannot imagine its horror without actually experiencing it. The sorrow and devastation it is causing in this country alone is very great, but the people endure their misfortunes very cheerfully.

"Captain Marsh is well. It was our privilege to be together up till Nov. 7th, but now we are separated. We are both in the same brigade, but the number of his battery is the Eighty-eight. We have both received promotion to the rank of bombardier.

Spiritually I can say that all is well. The fight is hard at times, and the atmosphere around is not helpful. But I find the grace of God sufficient. I am the only professing Christian in this battery, and blessed be the name of the Lord, He is helping me and using me for His glory. "I have had spiritual experiences harder than all the fighting," but "Victory" is the only cry. I have longed to know more of Him, and in my own life. The opportunities are many to drop a word for Jesus. I trust many souls have fallen on good soil. The promise is "Cast thy bread on the waters and then shalt find it after many days." May it be fulfilled."

DARTMOUTH, N.S.

We are still fighting very hard at this little Corps, but our Captain has been on the sick list for the last two weeks. However, God is restoring him back to health and strength again. Captain Fullerton, of Truro, N.S., was with us on Feb. 28th, and we had a splendid time. We regret to announce that our beloved Treasurer has also been taken very ill. We miss him very much, and pray that God will soon restore him to full health.—Lieut. C.

YOUNG PEOPLE'S ANNUAL

The Commissioner has decided that the Annual shall take place at every Corps throughout the Territory on Sunday and Monday, March 2nd and 3rd. On the Sunday afternoon the children will occupy the platform, and the meeting will be conducted entirely in their interests. On the Monday night the Annual Demonstration will take place.

WAR CRY

PRINTED FOR THE Salvation Army in Canada, Newfoundland, Bermuda, and Alaska, by The Salvation Army Printing House, 10 Albert Street, Toronto.

War and Strong Drink

Whatever evils may result from the great war, there is no doubt but that it is helping to put strong drink in its proper place in the estimation of the world. We have already stated that the officers of the Russian army and the unprecedented prosperity of the Russian peasants, as indicated by their increased savings bank deposits, is said to be due to the abolition of vodka. In France the abolition of absinthe has worked wonders amongst the troops, and the general feeling in those two countries is that the abolition of these harmful drinks must be permanent. According to the British newspapers, the nation is becoming alive to the menace of alcoholic liquor. The following is an extract from one press despatch:—

"Beer and whiskey are among the major curses of this country at the present time. They are doing an unusual amount of harm, interfering with the quick delivery of war jobs of all kinds. They are, therefore, traitors and pro-Germans in tendency and in effect. Further, they are weakening the tenacity which wins. The abolition of beer and whiskey would be as miraculously beneficial to this country as the abolition of vodka has been in Russia."

The article goes on to say that:—"Beer and whiskey cannot be abolished, but they can be ostracized and cold-shouldered, and the Government can assist in the ostracism. The Government can properly give aid to the aspirations towards sobriety which all of us, even the flippers and drunkards, have in our secret souls. It is said Mr. Lloyd George has long desired to cut down most drastically the still enormous opportunities for idle loafing which the war regulations have left us."

We notice that the British House of Commons has given the Government authority to take over the control of the entire engineering trade of the country and to place it under a combined management for the purpose of increasing the output of munitions of war.

The Defence of the Realm Act, passed at the outbreak of the war, gave the Government power to take and exercise control over works where war materials were being actually made. David Lloyd George, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, on behalf of the Government has asked that the control of manufacturing be extended to works which were capable of being used for that purpose. Perhaps this is a move in the direction of controlling the liquor traffic by making the men put in their time at work instead of "idle loafing." At any rate, a useful purpose is served by showing how the Government is a great promoter of sobriety.

THE COMMISSIONER IN THE WEST

CALGARY, LETHBRIDGE, AND MEDICINE HAT—EACH VISIT SPLENDIDLY SUCCESSFUL—34 SEEKERS AT CALGARY.

THE service conducted at Calgary by Commissioner Richards, when en route to Toronto from New Zealand, aroused keen interest and a spirit of expectancy for a second and longer visit. The whole week-end camped, March 6th-7th, was a magnificent triumph. Great crowds attended the meetings, and there were thirty-four seekers.

On Saturday night there was an enthusiastic gathering of Soldiers and friends at the Citadel to greet the Commissioner, and the splendid meeting that resulted was a fitting prelude to the Sabbath.

On Sunday morning, following a soul-stirring address by the Commissioner, nineteen persons knelt at the Mercy Seat.

The largest theatre available was secured for the afternoon meeting, and over twelve hundred people were present. The Commissioner, in a masterly address, held the attention of the great audience as he outlined the multifarious work and the various agencies operated by The Army, particularly the Social Work and the Naval and Military League. The address was an eye-opener to numbers present.

Concerning this meeting the Morning "Albertan" says: "Commissioner Richards, the vice Head of The Salvation Army in Canada, who is once again a visitor to Alberta's commercial city, presented statistics that were convincing to the hundreds who crowded the theatre that The Army is a great world force."

Mr. F. M. Black moved a vote of thanks, and spoke appreciatively of The Army's Work. The Rev. Falis (Methodist), in seconding the vote, said: "As a result of the Commissioner's address I find myself taking a stronger grip on religion."

The theatre was packed at night, fifteen hundred being present. It was a wonderful service, and the Spirit of God was powerfully felt. The congregational singing of "Near, my God, to Thee," in "in-nsired the spiritual atmosphere, and prepared the people for the Commissioner's address on "Redemption Through the Blood of Christ." The same haloed influence prevailed throughout the meeting. Concerning the Commissioner's activity, the Morning "Albertan" says: "Even after the strenuous service concluded, and in the Salvationist's phrasing, fourteen souls had sought Christ. The Army's Head showed no signs of strain, though he had put his whole heart into the prayers and songs, and continually paced up and down the big stage, exhorting, cheering, and encouraging the seekers."

Adjutant Howell and the local Soldiers, including the Band and Sangsters, rendered good service. Lieut.-Colonel Turner says that, in his opinion, it is one of the best series of gatherings Calgary has ever witnessed. Lieut.-Colonel Hargrave describes it as an excellent week-end, and says that he considers the afternoon address accomplished untold good, because of the frank statement made concerning The Army's Social Work. Major Hay says that the campaign was a great success."

At Lethbridge every moment of the Commissioner's time was fully occupied from the time of his arrival

until he departed. The first event was a trip in motor cars to the Provincial Mental Farm and the Provincial Jail. The Commissioner inspected the magnificent prison in company with Dr. Rivers, the Superintendent. This was followed by an informal gathering of Salvationists at the Alexandra Hotel, where the Commissioner met many prominent citizens.

Next came a meeting with the Soldiers at the Citadel, one of the finest meetings the Commissioner has attended since his arrival in Canada. It was made memorable by the unveiling of a tablet in memory of Brigadier and Mrs. Hunter, who lost their lives in the Empress of Ireland disaster.

The welcome gathering at Knox Church that evening was a splendid service. The Commissioner made an excellent impression. Mayor Hardie presided, and many prominent citizens were present.

Captain Tuttle worked hard to make the meetings a success, and deserves a word of commendation.

Following Lethbridge, the Commissioner received another evidence of the warm-hearted way Canadians welcome him into their midst. At the comrades of Medicine Hat. After partaking of supper a number of Local Officers, on behalf of the Corps, spoke words of welcome to their Territorial Leader.

The Rev. Morrow, a genial Irishman, presided at the Civic Welcome in the regrettable absence of Hon. Nelson Spencer. The Citadel was filled with an excellent audience. Mayor Hawthorne, and a number of the elite of the city were on the platform. The Commissioner was enthusiastically received and his address was greatly appreciated.

The Rev. Morrow stated that he had received a revelation regarding the extent of The Army's Work. The Mayor, in moving a vote of thanks, stated that he deeply appreciated the splendid labours of Salvationists. In sunshine or rain, in cold of winter or heat of summer, they toil to uplift the fallen throughout the world.

Ex-Mayor Brown and Dr. Boyd also eulogized the work of The Army. Salvationists of Medicine Hat have invited the Commissioner to return and conduct a week-end campaign.

CAPTAIN BARKER

Journeymen Jottings

BY "NECHO."

(Posted March 5th from the cars 150 miles east of Winnipeg.) "Times are tough, and the money is tight. Sleeping car of west-bound train in Union Depot, Toronto. Chief Secretary Brigadier Morris (about to leave train), and Captain Barker in aisle. Chief: "Hello, Mr. Brown! Going back to Medicine Hat? Delighted, etc." Chief turns to Captain and says: "Introduce Mr. Brown, ex-Mayor of Medicine Hat, to the Commissioner, to-morrow."

Mr. Brown: "Is the Commissioner here?" Chief: "Yes—in bed." (On the other side of curtain, Commissioner, in "red" robe, "The Work," 12 a.m. (midnight): "World's Work" laid down; elec-

ITALIA

ST. JOHN METROPOLE

NEW BUILDING FORMALLY OPENED BY COL. JACOBS

MAYOR FRINK PRESIDES AT MEETING IN THE CITADEL.

The new Metropole at St. John, N.B., is now ready for use, and the opening ceremony was conducted by Colonel Jacobs on Tuesday afternoon, March 2nd, when many citizens availed themselves of the opportunity of inspecting the Institution. The new building is situated on Britannia Street, and replaces the old Metropole on Prince William Street, which was burnt down last year. This building is a masterpiece of the St. John people, and a "Citizens' Campaign" was launched in the spring to raise funds for the erection of another Metropole.

The St. John "Standard" thus describes the new building: "It seems particularly well adapted for the purposes intended. On the ground floor is the office, with separate room for the Officers; also reading, smoking, and toilet rooms. On the first floor there is a large bedroom, containing a four-poster bedstead. This room is well-lighted, and the heating and ventilating arrangements are excellent. A toilet room adjoining. Men may here get good sleeping accommodation for fifteen cents."

"On the second floor there is a large bedroom similar to that below. Here seventeen beds have been provided. There are also two bathrooms with toilet. No fault can be found with the arrangements on this floor, or indeed with those elsewhere. The charge for beds for the upper seventeen is twenty-five cents. Hardwood is used for the flooring and staircases, and generally throughout the building. The electric light installation seems to meet every requirement. It includes the lighting of the large smoking, sitting, and barn in the rear. Altogether, the structure appears to be sufficient for The Army's purposes in every respect, and the many congratulatory expressions heard yesterday by those who visited the structure were undoubtedly well merited."

Following the afternoon's proceedings a special meeting was held in the No. 1 Citadel, presided over by Mayor Frink, who was supported by many prominent citizens. The Mayor complimented The Army on the success of the efforts made to re-establish the Men's Social Work in St. John, and stated that the new building was a credit to the city, and its use would be sure to lead to the uplift of the men who are in need of such help as The Army can give.

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BOMBARDING THE DEVIL'S Heavy Firing From The Salvation Tears of Repentance and Shouts of Victory

WILL BUILD HALL.

Progress Being Made at Mortier Bay, Nfld.

During the past fall and winter we had over fifty surrenders. The fight was very hard at first—only the Captain and one Salvationist to build the fort. But we now have quite a number of men, and improvements have been made. In one meeting alone, held recently, six souls surrendered. A meeting was called on a recent Monday evening to see about getting quarters, and it was soon settled to build one: a number of our men fells going into the woods and buying timber, so that we now have nearly enough logs to complete the building.—N. V. Z.

NEEPAWA, MAN.

We are sorry to announce that our Sergeant-Major, Sister Lucy Hill, has farewelled together with her mother and sister, for the Old Land. A farewell tea was held on Feb. 26th, when we had a very enjoyable time, and a number of the comrades spoke briefly, and on the 28th farewell meetings were held, at which the Sergeant-Major gave an address, and Brother Sherris solicited. At the close Captain Jones prayed, and wished our comrades travelling mercies.—W. S.

OSHAWA.

Captains Mapp and Glover, of Toronto, were with us for the week-end (Feb. 24th), and we had a real, good Salvation meeting on Saturday night. Our comrades spent Sunday afternoon with the prisoners in Whittier, and returned in good time for the meeting Sunday night, when we had a real, good time together. The lesson was ably taken by Captain Mapp. We give the Captains a hearty invitation to come again.—S.

MANY RECONSECRATIONS.

Ensign and Mrs. Sharpe Visit Tillsonburg, Ont.

Services were conducted on Peace Sunday by Lieutenant Stevens, of Ingersoll, and we had a very interesting time. Staff-Captain Whittier visited us on Feb. 17th, when we had another good time, and when Ensign and Mrs. Sharpe, former Officers here, visited us on Feb. 21st, we had nine conversions and many consecrations.—J. W.

NORLAND, ONT.

This little Corps is still alive and keeping the old devil to the back ground. We have had the joy of seeing altogether eight surrenders recently. One convert who surrendered at his home immediately turned a pack of cards, and another threw his tobacco into the stove and started to tell the story of his deliverance to all his friends. We have started a Cottage Prayer Meeting at Cobden, and one soul has surrendered. All converts are doing well.

ROUSING WEEK-END.

Brigadier McLean and Captain Cox at Brandon, Man.

Brigadier McLean and Captain Cox conducted revival meetings here on Sunday, Feb. 24th, and a blessed time was experienced. In the Holy Spirit meeting two comrades sought Sanctification, and one backslider surrendered. Whilst in the afternoon the Brigadier and Captain visited the jail, where five men sought prayer. The Free-and-Easy was very good, and at the night meeting, which was well attended, a little child led the way to the Pentecost, and was followed, after a struggle, by eight other dear comrades. We closed with a Hallelujah wind-up.—G. M.

THE NEW 'LIEUTENANT.'

Comrades of Exploits Harbour, Nfld., in for Souls.

On Sunday, Jan. 21st, two souls surrendered, and on Feb. 7th we had the joy of seeing two more surrender. Week-night meetings are well attended, despite the cold. We have welcomed to our day school, Lieutenant Winsor, whose red-hot testimonies are a great blessing. In a recent meeting, at which he spoke, and the prayer meeting, which was led by Captain Hiller, our Corps Officer, four souls sought pardon.

CHOIR GIVES SERVICE.

Ensign and Mrs. Becroft Visit New Aberdeen, N.S.

A splendid service of music and song was given in our Hall by the members of the Knox Church Choir on Friday evening, Feb. 19th, which meeting was presided over by the Rev. H. Miller, of this town. We had a good attendance. We were visited by Ensign and Mrs. Becroft, of Sydney Mines, on Feb. 23rd, when the Ensign gave a fine address, urging all to make a choice for the right side.

REGINA, SASK.

Our week-end meetings, Feb. 28th, were conducted by our Commanding Officers, Adjutant and Mrs. Laynes. The meeting in the morning was very helpful to the comrades, and at night, after a hard day's fighting, we had the joy of seeing five at the Mercy Seat seeking God's Salvation. At the prison there were three who came to the front for Salvation, and fifteen held up the hands as a token of their desire to serve God.—C.

WETASKIWIN, ALTA.

For the week-end of Feb. 20th-21st we had with us Captain Lister, of Edmonton, who conducted the meetings. The Captain's Gospel addresses and singing were much enjoyed. Our Band is doing well, and things are looking well all round.

HALIFAX II, N.S.

We had a real old-fashioned time on Sunday, Feb. 24th, and closed up with six surrenders, one of these was the wife of Brother Bissett, who had surrendered a week or so ago. One brother brought his wife to the meeting to find the Saviour Who had done so much for him, and after a struggle our sister got the victory, and both our comrades are standing firm. Our worthy Sergeant-Major, Brother Mills, in his military uniform, took charge of the meeting on the 24th, and Brother Speakman was also with us, and spoke; afterwards saying a few words of farewell. Both Brother Speakman and Corporal Davis expect to leave for the front soon. Another five men were held on Sunday, Feb. 28th, when four souls surrendered, and we closed up with a march around the Hall, headed by Brother McKay with the dear old Army Hymn.

THIRTY-SIX.

Wonderful Answer to Prayers at Lindsay, Ont.

We had a wonderful time on Sunday evening, Feb. 28th, when the prayers of many weeks were wonderfully answered. During the prayer meeting, first a King's soldier surrendered, then followed a comrade in uniform, then they began to come in two's and three's until we had on enough chairs, and additional ones had to be brought for the seekers; no less than thirty-six surrendering before the close. Tears of repentance and tears of victory were shed. We believe this is but the beginning of a great revival, and are determined, as a band of workers, to continue praying in faith for souls.

A GLORIOUS DAY.

Surrenders for Holiness and Salvation at Brantford, Ont.

Sunday, Feb. 28th, was a glorious day, from start to finish. Commencing at eleven in the morning, with a good Kenev drill, we had two comrades forward for the blessing of a great revival, and in the Holiness meeting a sister sought pardon. That night's meeting was the crowning time, for our prayers and faith were answered in the surrender of twelve persons, mostly young people. We finished up with a Hallelujah wind-up.—N. S.

TO THE BAY.

Brother-Super Farewells from the Curling, Nfld. Corps.

We are having fine times at this Corps, and much of God's presence is felt in our meetings. On Sunday evening, Feb. 21st, the farewell meeting for Brother George Soper, who has now left for Hudson Bay, was held. We shall miss him very much, as he was a faithful Soldier of the Corps, but we pray that God may guide and bless him, and that he shall return in safety.—M. and C.

ANNUAL FESTIVAL.

League of Mercy from Montreal J. Gives Old Folks Good Time.

Staff-Captain and Mrs. Burrows, assisted by Ensign Richardson and Captain McSwain, led the Sunday's meetings, Feb. 28th, and in the afternoon the Staff-Captain commissioned the Bandmen and Local Officers. We were very pleased to see with us Private D. Beaton, of the Second Contingent, who took his place with the Band. Bandman DeGruccio is also accepted for the front. At night, after a good meeting, two persons surrendered, one an ex-Bandman of Winnipeg. The weekly Holiness meeting was conducted by Adjutant and Mrs. Cooper.

On Wednesday, Feb. 27th, the annual Tea and Festival was held at the Old Folks' Home. The League of Mercy, under Sergeant-Major Miss Cole, did a splendid work at this institution, and as we gazed on the faces of the old people and read the expressions of delight their faces betrayed and listened to their applause, we felt sure that Sergeant-Major Miss Cole and her workers must have felt amply repaid for their labours. Brigadier Rawling, with several other Officers, was present, and Mrs. Lieut-Colonel Hargrave gave a splendid rendering. Other excellent items were given, and the programme was a great success.—H. T.

INTERESTING WEEK-END.

Brigadier and Mrs. Green Visit Nanaimo, B.C.

Attendances at all meetings are increasing, and on the week-end of Feb. 20th we had Brigadier and Mrs. Green with us. The Brigadier, on the Saturday evening, took us, so to speak, to the I.C.C., by showing us a number of fine slides of that great gathering, and his lecture was much enjoyed by a good attendance. On Sunday morning there were two reconsecrations, and in the afternoon Mrs. Brigadier Green conducted the reconsecration of Local Officers and Bandmen, there being nine of the latter. At night a young fellow surrendered.—T. S. W.

CALGARY II, ALTA.

Meetings on Saturday evening, Feb. 27th, were led by Sergeant-Major and Mrs. Dart. We had a lovely time, and the Band turned out in good strength to our assistance. Captain Oker led the Sunday morning and afternoon meetings, and the night meeting was led by Captain Townsend, of the Men's Metropolitan. Our Corps is improving much, and Captain Townsend, who is the Young People's Sergeant-Major, has set a target of a hundred and fifty attendances for April. The Band is also doing well, and we now have eighteen Bandmen.—Rob.

IN SURRENDER.

Come Back into the at Moncton, N.B.

Two of whom had been for a long period, on Sunday, Jan. 21st, were taken to say that these men stand brave to go on despite the hard winter months. We are also glad to see that Young People's Sergeant-Major Smith, who has been away at the front of the Corps, is in the joy of his home, and we miss her presence.—C.

SPOKE FOR NATIONS.

Interesting Service Held at Portage La Prairie, Man.

We had very good attendance and finances for the week-end of Feb. 28th, and as the weather was rather milder than usual, we were able to have the Band with us at the opening. At night a very special meeting was held, different speakers representing the nations. Sister Green spoke for England, Sister Martin for Ireland, Mrs. Oliver for Scotland, Young People's Sergeant-Major Mrs. Martin for Wales, and our Treasurer for Canada. One soul surrendered.—Jeff.

OUR INDIAN COMRADES

Experience Times of Great Blessing.—Fifty-four at the Cross in Port Simpson, B.C.

The following letters, which were recently received by Brigadier Green, will show something of what is being done amongst the Indians on the Pacific Coast. Both letters are from Port Simpson. Secretary Joseph Offutt writes as follows:—"I am glad to say that God is blessing the dear people of Port Simpson. We had some of our native brothers to visit us last week; some from Kitakahlia and some from the Bass River, British Columbia. They were of great help to our Christian work, and we had a splendid time. God is saving souls here every day. I am glad to say fifty-four came to the foot of the Cross during this past week in our little village. All the dear comrades are working harmoniously together with the other Christians of the village, and God is blessing us in our work. There are quite a number of our people here yet, and we are doing all we can to encourage them in our Army work, and praying for them who remain in the darkness."

Young People's Sergeant-Major Mrs. Tate writes as follows: "Envy Moody and Brother McKay got right again in the work of God on the seventh of this month. The Spirit of God has visited this place since that time. We have two meetings every day, all through the week. All the people of Port Simpson are touched by the revival. God has heard my voice out of the depth of my grief on account of the death of my husband."

Mrs. Tate's husband was Sergeant-Major of the Corps, and did a splendid work. Pray for our Indian comrades.

BROCKVILLE, ONT.

On Sunday, Feb. 21st, we had a day of much blessing. In the open-air meeting at night Brother Boates sang a song of his own composition. "There's a harp and a crown, and a Hallelujah gown, awaiting thee for you." During the day a sister sought Salvation, and on the following Monday a brother belonging to the Third Contingent gave his heart to God; while an infidel, who had never entered a place of worship before, enquired earnestly the way of Salvation. At the Thursday night's progress, a wee girlie tottled up to the platform to investigate the interior of the drum. The Captain caught her on to his knee, and the mother, seeing the opportunity, drew an illustration from the incident. The mother of the child came forward during the prayer meeting, and testified afterwards. All these comrades were volunteers, and we are praying for more.—"Blue Sky."

SIX ENROLLED.

Brigadier and Mrs. Bettridge Visit Chatham, Ont.

Brigadier and Mrs. Bettridge were with us for the week-end of Feb. 28th, and we had fine times. There was a very good attendance for the Saturday evening meeting. On Sunday afternoon the Brigadier spoke to the Y. W. C. A. workers. A young lady, Mercy, was seated on Sunday afternoon Mrs. Bettridge held a special service, at which a large number gathered. The League of Mercy is flourishing, and six comrades enrolled.—C. D.

A TROPHY.

Chronicle of Events in and Around Glace Bay, C. B.

Major Barr was with us for the week-end of Feb. 24th, and conducted revival services. Every single meeting was very well attended, and on the Sunday evening, after a fine meeting, a number of souls surrendered. On Monday the comrades visited New Aberdeen for the Major's meeting, at which two more surrenders took place. And on the Wednesday evening a number of the comrades went over to Sydney for the Major's great united meeting, following the Councils of Officers of the Cape Breton District. Our Band did good service. The Major was ably assisted at his meetings by Adjutant and Mrs. Cavender, our Corps Officers, who, since their coming, two months ago, have brought things into fine shape, and have been the means, in God's hands, of bringing some thirty-three souls to the Cross, who have, without exception, turned up to thank God for their deliverance.

Amongst the number is a trophy of grace, who had hardly been sober for thirty-five years, but entering a Soldier's meeting, under the influence of drink, got soundly converted. When visiting his home the Adjutant found him reading "The War Cry," and his wife (an invalid, and not converted) told the Adjutant that she and the children were so delighted when their father came home and got his Bible and read a chapter, got down and prayed with them; and she promised that, when able to get up again, she would take her stand with her husband.—C. P.

SIX SURRENDERS.

Good Soul-Saving Times at Toronto I. Corps.

Major Crichton led our Friday evening Holiness meeting on Feb. 26th, and we had a splendid time. The Major spoke with power, and three souls sought Sanctification. Sunday's meetings were also full, blessing two souls sought pardon in the morning, and at night we had four more surrenders. Meetings all day were well attended, and despite the cold we had good open-air services. During the last three weeks there have been no less than thirty-nine persons out for Sanctification or Salvation. Married, the daughter of our Officers, has been seriously ill, for some time, but we are praying, and believing that God will bring her back to health.—R. W.

FAREWELL.

Ensign and Mrs. Wright Say Good-Bye to Montreal IV. Comrades.

On Sunday, Feb. 28th, Ensign and Mrs. Wright said farewell to this Corps, where they have been Soldiers for the last two years, and they now proceed to Halifax, N.S. Mr. Jennings, with whom the Ensign has been working, spoke of him in high terms, and on the Sunday evening a farewell service was held, at which a number of the comrades, representing various sections of the Corps, spoke in appreciation of the work done by the Ensign and his wife. We, the Bandmen, have lost in Ensign Wright, our Band Spiritual Leader, and Editor-in-Chief of our little monthly, "Band League News." Before leaving us Hector Harold, the little son of our comrades, was dedicated.—C. D.

"FOR VALOUR"



The Victoria Cross.

WAR takes a derelict out of a London gutter, stinks him in a trench, and teaches him to shoot, to be shot at, and to bear his life as a common man. He is transformed unawares. Whatever stuff of human greatness got into him at the making now rises from the depths. He finds his soul, if he has one, and opens it to moments of pure heroism. It is something on the crest side of war.

That sudden, rapturous urge for which the name is valor, once was thought to be peculiar to fine blood. The noble first of all was born. Only he knew how to risk the supreme thing and tweak the very nose of death. For him were orders, knight-hood, medals, and all the other glory of living by exception to the self-preserving rule of common human nature. The trade of war was then exclusive. But, alas for such pretensions! war grew democratic. The stupid world began to see that valor was a leaven of mankind.

On the modern battlefield the raw recruit snatched from a city's slums competes on level human terms with an officer of any rank or birth for a priceless decoration—a few pence's worth of moulded metal dangling from the ribbon—which certifies that the wearer is once utterly forgot himself for the sake of something else.

This school of heroism of all present institutions in the world is, or should be, democratic. Great Britain knows that best; it is indeed she should, having waged more wars in a hundred years than any other power. And not only has she utilized beyond any other nation the honorary medal to reward military heroism, but of all the coveted personal decorations conferred for valor, the one most democratic is the British origin.

It is the Victoria Cross, instituted in 1856 at the termination of the Crimean War, by Royal Warrant of Queen Victoria, as a reward for "any act of gallantry and heroism." Cast from cannon taken by the British, intrinsically worth but a few pence. It is regarded by a British subject as the proudest decoration a man can wear. All men of all grades and ranks and branches of the British naval and military services are eligible to win it by "some signal act of bravery or de-

votion to their country performed in the presence of the enemy." So read the regulations.

The Cross is worn suspended from the left breast, by a blue ribbon for the navy and red for the army, as well as for civilians who have earned it with the latter service. The decoration entitles the recipient—officer or enlisted—to an annuity of ten pounds, and a further five pounds for each bar or clasp won by a second or subsequent act of valor equal to or more heroic than that for which the Cross was first conferred.

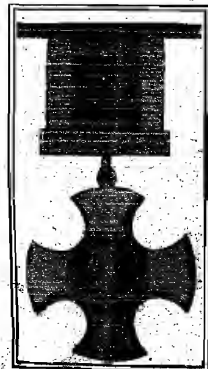
Prior to the beginning of the present war the number won by British valour was five hundred and twenty-two, of which one hundred were won in the Crimean War, one hundred and eighty-two in the Boer War, seventy-eight in the Boer War, and the remainder, in thirty-seven minor wars.

War being a supernatural business, we need not be astonished at the paradox that a very large proportion of the total number of Victoria Crosses conferred have rewarded not valor in killing, which is the kind one thinks of first, but instances of valor exhibited on the field in saving life.

In the famous charge of the Light Brigade at the Battle of Balaclava seven Victoria Crosses were won, and only one by a commissioned officer. He was a lieutenant, who, on hearing that one Sergeant Bentley, riding a weak mount, had dropped behind into the hands of the Cossacks, went back alone and fairly cut him out of the enemy's grasp. On the same field Sergeant Farrell and Sergeant-Major Berryman won each a Cross by taking their wounded captives between them, on a chair formed of their hands, and bearing him through a galling fire to safety.

The deed itself, like the Cross itself, need have no intrinsic value. A common soldier's life is intrinsically worth not very much. A general knows beforehand that it will cost several thousand to take a certain point, and he coolly pays that price in lives; but in the midst of that action an officer may risk his own life to save that of a soldier and win the Victoria Cross, as Lieutenant Cecil Maygar did in South Africa.

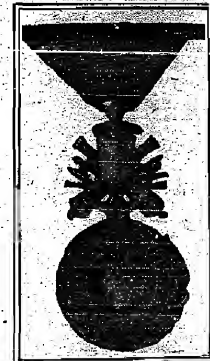
He had galloped out where it was very hot to order the retirement of a detached post of cavalry. During the retreat a trooper near the lieu-



The Distinguished Service Order.

tenant was shot in the back, both wounds fatal. The officer dismounted and helped the trooper to his horse, and then, in a piece of military heroism, he stumbled and threw them both. The double deed was too much. Then the officer put the trooper along on the horse and ordered him to gallop on, leaving himself to his chances.

It was not the trooper's life that counted; it was the saving of it. Surgeon-Captain Martin Leake in the Boer War went out on the firing line to assist a wounded man. Then he went to the aid of an officer who had fallen, and to the aid of others.



The Medal of the Order of the British Empire.

until he was shot three times and himself lay with the wounded. He got a Victoria Cross, as did another surgeon who, during the trouble at Crete, exposed himself to a very hot fire to return for a member of a landing party who had fallen unnoticed in the boat and perhaps was only wounded. He was dead; and the surgeon had to go through the fire again for nothing—that is, nothing but the Victoria Cross.

The nature of the opportunity determines not to much the quality of the act as the interest of it. At Inkermann, in the Crimean War, Private Alfred Abbott was with hundreds of others in a trench when the enemy shouted "Look out, there!" A live shell, unexploded, had fallen into the midst of a pile of ammunition cases. Abbott, instead of running, seized the shell and hurled it out of the trench. As it left his hands it exploded and knocked him flat, but he was unhurt. He was promoted to be corporal, then sergeant, and then he received a silk necktie fashioned by Her Majesty's own hands, who also pinned the Victoria Cross to his breast.

Rescue of mind adds greatly to the use of valor. Abouk H.M.S. Alexandra, during the bombardment of Alexandria, a live shell, unexploded, fell on the deck and went rolling about. Gunner Israel Harding, hearing the cry "Shell come aboard!" came rushing up the hatchway from below, seized the hissing thing, and doused it in a tub of water. Those were very simple measures; they saved the ship, and won for Harding the Victoria Cross.

Lord Roberts was the one case of an English soldier possessing two Victoria Crosses. At the Battle of Colenso, on the Tugela River, Sir Redvers Buller called for volunteers to rescue the guns, and they were

when the guns were mounted, both wounded. The officer dismounted and helped the trooper to his horse, and then, in a piece of military heroism, he stumbled and threw them both. The double deed was too much. Then the officer put the trooper along on the horse and ordered him to gallop on, leaving himself to his chances.

For several months the death of a soldier was a common thing. The average value of a soldier's life was about £100. The average value of a soldier's life was about £100. The average value of a soldier's life was about £100.

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NEWS NOTES and COMMENTS

LAND VALUES

The Census and Statistics Department has issued a bulletin summarizing the result of inquiries made as to the value of Canadian farm land, the value of farm help, and the value of stock, in 1914. For the first time the average value of land held for agricultural purposes is given, whether improved or unimproved, including the value of houses, barns, stables, and other buildings, is returned as \$2.50 per acre.

OF FARM HELP.

The average value of farm help in 1914 was \$2.50 per month. The average value of farm help in 1914 was \$2.50 per month. The average value of farm help in 1914 was \$2.50 per month.

MAIL FOR SOLDIERS.

Those who write to soldiers at the front with their letters to be delivered promptly, they will greatly facilitate the handling of mail matter by observing the following points. Letters should be addressed as follows:—

Rank
Name
Regimental Number
Company, Squadron, Battery or other unit
Battalion
Brigade
First (or Second) Canadian Contingent
British Expeditionary Force, Army Post-Office, LONDON, ENGLAND.

NEW STEAMER SERVICE.

In order to ship the huge quantities of supplies ordered in this country by the allied nations, a tri-weekly service of steamers has been established between Canada and France. As is well known, a serious shortage of tonnage was caused soon

STOCK VALUES.

Stock values are well maintained on comparison with the three letters from 1910 is concerned; but there has been a subordination in the value both of grain and of wine. It is a general complaint that the value of horses, other than for purposes, has fallen off, and is less by from 25 to 40 than they were in 1913. The high price of grain is of course a factor in the value of wine in the West is no longer a paying proposition. Have been sold for with frequent frequency for three and a half cents per bushel. On the other hand, the price of cattle has been maintained, and the average for dairy cows and for beef cattle are considerably



With the Officer, in His Telephone Dug-out, Receiving a Message—A British Gun Position at Night.

per head for all Canada come to \$127 for horses, \$57 for milk cows, \$27 for other cattle, \$7 for sheep, and \$12 for swine. The following is believed to be a rough approximation of the total value of Canadian farm live stock in the year 1914: Horses, \$371,430,000; cattle, \$207,131,000; sheep, \$14,551,000; swine, \$42,418,000—total an aggregate of \$725,530,000 for all descriptions.

after war began by the appropriation and withdrawal from the Atlantic and the Indian Ocean of a very large proportion of the steamships hitherto employed in that service. The Admiralty has now undertaken to provide eighteen ships for the conveyance of war supplies, and these will run till the end of the present European war.

NEUTRALS HARD HIT.

The suffering of neutral nations due to the dislocation of their trade by the war, the rise in prices, and unemployment, is great. Holland, Scandinavia, Switzerland, Italy and the United States are all feeling the pinch to a greater or lesser degree. It is Spain, however, that is reported to be worst off.

Notwithstanding drastic measures taken by the Government in present monopolistic prices, the cost of food, especially bread and meat, continues to rise. The situation is felt most acutely by the working classes, already hit hard by the industrial stagnation resulting from the war. Grave disorders have occurred in some of the leading cities.

GARLIC FOR CONSUMPTIVES.

GARLIC is now being recognized as invaluable for sufferers from consumption. A noted Irish doctor discovered its wonderful medicinal virtues. In cases of tuberculous gland cures have been effected, some in a month, others more variously taking six months. Garlic contains a

volatile oil which has remarkable effect in checking growth of tubercle bacilli.

It is advised to take garlic juice internally, and use externally. It has been tried by other doctors, each testifying to its curative power. In a teaspoonful of garlic juice there is about two drops of the oil which possesses germicidal power. No substance hitherto has been known to penetrate the human body as does this oil.

Syrup of garlic is easily made: Take three ounces of garlic, peel cleanly, boil in a pint of water for a short time, drain off, then reboil until tender. Strain off and add one pound double-refined sugar to the boiling liquid, with thick syrup forms. Skin carefully. Bottle for use. Take doses of one teaspoonful each morning fasting and at bedtime. Thin raw juice can be obtained by grating or slicing garlic and placing it between plates in a warm place until juice is extracted.

SOBER WORKMEN BEST.

A NEW JERSEY JURY COMPANY has started a "Safety First" campaign at its works. This includes abstinence from intoxicating liquors. An order issued by the management forbids the stopping of beer wagons at any house owned by the company and occupied by an employee. This attitude is taken in the belief that drinking not only places the drinker in jeopardy, but all those working around him.

Besides forbidding beer wagons stopping at the house, drinking of any kind of intoxicants is barred thereon on penalty of instant dismissal of the employee. The company takes the stand that a drinker is less efficient and cannot be depended on as can a man who is an abstainer.

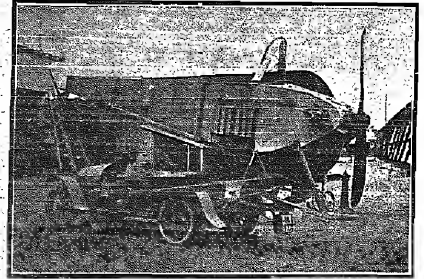
A BUTTON SHORTAGE.

ONE result of the war is a famine in buttons. About a year and a half ago Germany put Galatz buttons, made of compressed milk, on the market, and they quickly captured every possible branch of dressmaking trade by reason of the beauty and the many varieties in which they were produced, from huge, wonderful-colored, solid looking buttons for big coats, to delicate, exotic small buttons for plain-tailored blouses. This year manufacturers are finding it difficult to get a substitute.

DOES FIRING CAUSE RAIN?

MANY people think that the recent heavy rains in Europe are due to constant gun-firing. A Director of the British Rainfall Association, however, says that there is no evidence that such is the case.

We have had, he says, "two entirely different types of weather during the time firing has been going on. The end of the summer was extremely dry, while during autumn and winter it has been extremely wet, so that the present downpour demonstrates nothing in relation to the firing on the Continent. It might be that the 'commotion' if I may use the word, would cause rain to fall in some atmospheres and not in others. During the year 1910 we had similar weather—there was no gun-firing across the Channel then. Anyhow, there is no proof that it produces rain."



Folded for Transport.—An Aeroplane Carried on a Motor Car Specially Constructed for the Purpose.—The Machine in Position.

PROMOTED TO GLORY.

(Continued from Page 12)

Bro. Joseph Hudson, Parry Sound. On October 14th, 1914, our comrade passed away at Horse Island, a few miles off of Parry Sound, where he was acting as cook in a lumber camp. While he was getting ready for dinner he suddenly fell forward and when the men returned for dinner, they found our comrade dead.

Brother Hudson was converted twenty-five years ago in McKellar, when the comrades were up there doing a meeting at the Self-Denial effort. Last year, when we were at McKellar during Harvest Festival, the Captain mentioned the fact that we had with us a comrade who was converted here twenty-five years ago. Then Brother Hudson gave his testimony, which was always bright and full of life. He also expressed his determination to go right on to the end, little thinking that it was so near. Our comrade was always known as "sunshine", he had a smile and a cheering word for every one, and was especially fond of the children.

Our comrade, who was seventy years of age, leaves a widow and grown-up family. He was Colour-Sergeant of this Corps for many years, and up to the last he carried the dear old flag which he loved so well. At the memorial service, led by Captain Pollock, the Hall was crowded, and a very impressive service was held, and two souls surrendered. We miss our comrade very much, but we are comforted in knowing that he is with Jesus, which is far better.

Brother Jones, Winnipeg 1, Man. We are sorry to report the death of Brother Jones, at one time Young People's Sergeant-Major of Watford, England, who came out here about a year and a half ago, becoming a Soldier and joining the Songsters. Ill-health, however, soon began to assert itself, and our brother gradually grew weaker and at last had to be taken to the hospital, where he passed away during the first week of February.

Adjutant Merritt conducted the funeral of our comrade on Feb. 6th, and a good number of comrades and friends were present. Our brother was conscious right to the last, and thanked the comrades for their kindness to him, but what seemed to trouble him most was that during his stay in our midst he had not been able to do much in the Corps. Much credit is due to Adjutant Merritt, who carried the funeral arrangements through.

It was our comrade who started the Junior Band at Watford, and he was specially interested in the Salvation of drinkards, getting up special Saturday evening concerts, which started at seven o'clock and went on till eleven at night, in order to keep the men from the public-houses.

There were quite a number of survivors at the memorial service, two comrades leading the way to the front. Our heartiest prayers and sympathies are extended to the sorrowing wife and few little ones of our departed comrade, and we pray that God may make His presence very clearly felt to our comrades at this time of trial.—C. D.

NOTE.

The Industrial Corps, Toronto, is very much in need of a small organ for their Hall. Should any of our readers be able to supply this need, please send it to the Editor.

IS IT WRONG TO SMOKE?

ENSIGN BEECROFT OF SYDNEY MINES SAYS IT IS, AND GIVES HIS REASONS.

THIS question has often been asked by thousands of people in every walk of life, yet it has never been the privilege to read, or to hear, of anyone ever taking up this question and answering it with any satisfaction. There has been a lot of humming and hawing about it; but has the subject ever been fearlessly attacked with the word of Truth? In the first place, let me prove to you that smoking is an

Heathen Custom.

From a reliable source we learn that smoking was practiced by the Chinese at an early date. When A.D. tobacco was discovered in 1492 A.D., tobacco was in frequent use among the Indians for smoking purposes. About the year 1559 A.D. a Spaniard introduced smoking in Spain, he having returned from the newly-discovered Continent of America. About the year 1580 A.D. Sir Walter Raleigh introduced tobacco and the habit of smoking in England. At its inauguration to the civilized world it was strongly opposed and bitterly denounced by the religious community.

At a place called Berne in Switzerland a condemnation was added to the ten, forbidding its use, and at one time in Turkey it was a capital offence. But all these oppositions were of no avail; on it went, until to-day it is one of the greatest luxuries of the world. Having convinced you that smoking is a heathen custom, I want to add that it

Defiles its Worshipers.

because tobacco owes its principal properties to a most poisonous alkaloid called nicotine, and on account of its poisonous nature it defiles those that use it, whether it is in the form of chewing, cigar, cigarette, or through a pipe, and for that reason I feel safe in saying that it is wrong for any Christian to handle it in any shape or form.

We are told in God's Truth that it is wrong to "Defile the Temple of God" (1 Cor. 3:17), which means your body. And, again, any person that is guilty of following an heathen custom is defiled (Lev. 18:24).

You may ask, "What is the meaning of wrong?" Let us turn up the Bible, presuming that "wrong" in this sense means "sin." "All unrighteousness is sin" (1 John 6:12). "He that knoweth to do good and doeth it not, to him it is sin" (James 4:17). "Sin is the transgression of the law" (1 John 3:4), and many other passages I could quote, telling us what sin is. However, we will apply the latter passage to our subject, "Sin is the transgression of the law."

Now, if it is wrong for a boy to smoke or chew tobacco, it is, ten times more so with a grown-up person, because "the boy imitates the man." Are you aware that it is a criminal offence in Canada for a boy under sixteen years of age to either smoke or chew tobacco on any street, or in any public place. (Section 2. Act to restrain the use of tobacco among young people.) A man is a bully who would chastise his boy for smoking if he himself is guilty of the same offence. I would advise such a person "to take the beam out of his own eye," then help his boy to get "the mote out of his" (Matt. 7:3).

What has impressed itself upon

me recently is that we have been trying to

Convert the Heathen

to Christianity for the last hundred years, and while we have attained some measure of success, yet in proportion to the men and money we have expended, our achievement is really converting them to Christ has been comparatively small. On the other hand the heathen has succeeded in converting practically all Christendom to many of his customs of which I venture to say, the one under consideration is the chief. He inoculated his narcotic poison into the blood of the civilized world, and now we find that the habit of smoking is "spoiling away the life of the Church."

I am quite aware that this is a delicate question, but with what mightier weapons could we assail it than with the Truth? But then you say, "It is only a habit." All right, quite true; answer me this question, "What kind of a habit is it?" High or low, clean or unclean, good or bad? Which of these heathen does it come under? Why is smoking forbidden in practically all public buildings? Why are there smoke-rooms and smoking compartments in railway carriages, etc.? Simply because smoking an obnoxious weed creates an obnoxious atmosphere.

It is generally understood that there is nothing clean connected with smoking tobacco. Then, if it is unclean in the sight of God, what must it be in the sight of All-pure God? Will you obey the Truth, come out from among them and be ye separate, saith the Lord, and touch not the unclean thing (Cor. 2:17-17).

Now, whilst this Scripture was not written specially for smokers, yet we can apply it, because we have proven the habit to be unclean, and therefore it ought to have no place in the life of any individual who has put on the new man (Eph. 4:22-25). Of course, you will continue to make excuses.

Another excuse is that your

Pipe Is Your Only Comforter.

Then, if that is the case, you are "miserable, poor, blind, and naked" (Rev. 3:17). You have turned down the precious promise, "I will not leave you comfortless" (John 14:18). Search the Scriptures. You are denounced by the Apostle Paul. "What agreement hath the Temple of God with your body? with idols (your pipe)?" (2 Cor. 6:16). You might just as well

Wear a Ring in Your Nose.

As to stick a wooden hook in your mouth because they are both heathen customs. Romans 8:1 says there is, therefore, now no condemnation to them which are in Jesus Christ, who walk not after the flesh, but after the Spirit.

Don't you see the two classes exposed here? One walking after the flesh and the other after the Spirit. An unclean habit, whether it be smoking tobacco or chewing it, is nothing less than a speckle of the lusts of the flesh, because it satisfieth the man who indulges in it, not only that it puts his value on your testimony, may, if practically, chokes your speaking in public for your Master, it hinders your communication with your fellow-men.

What is it that that forced you to snatch it out of your mouth

ten years ago, and you say, "I suppose it is a crime, but I can't help it."

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"EASTER WAR CRY" FOR 1915

One of The Most Attractive Ever Published in Canada

It will be Published on Saturday, April 3rd.

PICTURES

Four illustrations, amongst which are one two-page picture. These principal pictures are printed

The picture is entitled "REINFORCEMENTS," and is one of the pictures we have ever published. It depicts a number of soldiers in the Training College, and by a skilful arrangement of the pictorial photograph has been secured. It is a charming drawing of a SALVATION ARMY

reproduction of a picture originally published by the British War Pictures, and represents a young British soldier in the field of battle; the bullet hole in the temple tells that cut short this young life. The artist has depicted the Redeemer on the Cross, with the young soldier's feet of the Saviour. Let us trust that this representation places in tens of thousands of cases on the bloody

entitled "THE GREAT SACRIFICE." It symbolizes the Son of God for a world, and the sacrifice of his life for part of a British son. An interesting display of original sketches, art repro-

PRINCIPAL CONTRIBUTIONS

Principal literary features are the following:—"CROSS," Notes and Reflections by The General. "BEAUTIFUL—IN RUINS."—A word about back of the Staff. "OLD DAYS—AND THE BETTER PRESENT."—A Commission.

ARTICLES

An interesting and instructive article on the Life-Saving by Life. By Adjutant Fenfold, Chaplain on Salisbury. "Winnipeg 1, Corps."

VALOUR

On Page 12.)

During fire, by a British soldier, under two officers, one of them, Frederick King's Royal Rifle, who only son, who wounded while in the English ranks. For young Roberts was the Victoria Cross, and had been buried in the trenches for a few hours. He had the honour of the Victoria Cross, and had been buried in the trenches for a few hours. He had the honour of the Victoria Cross, and had been buried in the trenches for a few hours.

For courage and daring few deeds have equalled that of Lieutenant Norman Douglas Holbrook, of the Royal Navy, who was awarded the Cross. For most conspicuous bravery on December 19th, when in command of the submarine E11, he entered the Dardanelles, and, notwithstanding the very difficult current, dived his vessel under five rows of mines and torpedoed the Turkish battleship Mesoudieh, which was guarding the mine field.

Lieutenant Lillrock succeeded in bringing the E11 back, although assailed by gun fire and torpedo boats, having been submerged on one occasion for nine hours.

There are two other British medals for distinguished war services, the Victoria Cross, which is open to all the Distinguished Service Order and the new Military Cross are conferred only on certain ranks. The new Cross, it may be added, is to be worn before all decorations and medals except the V.C. There are two very famous

THE WAR CRY

15

"The Social Evil: What The Salvation Army Is Doing to Mitigate its Effects." "Across an Ocean and a Continent—With a Conducted Party from London to Vancouver."

SHORT STORIES

"No Room."—By David Lyall. "The Prospectors." "The Gambler's Daughter." "The Kimberley Diamond-Digger." Two pages of Illustrated Incidents. A page of Photographs and Paragraphs About Interesting People. A magnificent Number and will sell like hot cakes. Officers should order freely and quickly.

WHAT THE PUBLISHER SAYS

FIELD OFFICERS, ATTENTION!

Advance shipments are now being dispatched to every Corps in the Territory. The full supply will follow shortly after. Should any Officer find the supply running short, a wire or post-card to Major Attwell will receive immediate attention.

Indications point to a splendid sale. There will be a limited number of extra copies for disposal, and enterprising Officers will be well advised to order at once, or they may find the supply exhausted, as was the case with the recent Christmas "War Cry."

This is the delectable word that Ensign Hard emitted when he found himself up against it with the Christmas "Cry." Order freely and quickly, or you may find yourself in a similar fix. You see what the Ensign says—

I was very much surprised this year to get your letter to say that I could not have any more Christmas "War Cries." I had sold over four hundred of the thousand that I had ordered when I got your letter, so the only way I could get more was to get enough for the hospital and Soldiers. I had a lot of them, but I had not had for selling. When I received your letter, I should have been able to hit the three-thousand mark this year. If you had not come to me the day after you were going to be short, I should have been able to hit the mark. I am very sorry to hear that you are all so busy. Trusting this will find you and all well. Yours in Him, H. A. HULL, Editor.

French decorations—that of the Order of the Legion of Honour, created by Napoleon I. and the still more highly-prized Medaille Militaire, instituted nearly half a century later by his nephew, Napoleon III. The Cross of the Legion of Honour is not restricted to army men, but is likewise conferred upon civilians and foreigners for services other than military.

The Medaille Militaire is conferred only for military and naval services in war time, and is limited to privates, non-commissioned officers and generals. When it is worn by an officer, it indicates that he has commanded an army in the field, and has rendered services so great that even the highest grade of the Legion of Honour would be an inadequate reward.

It was on these grounds that it was bestowed in September last by the French Government upon King Albert of Belgium, and just lately on Field Marshall Sir John French. —Strand Magazine.

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SOCIAL WORKERS SPEAK.

Comrades from Industrial Corps (Toronto) Visit Another City Corps.

A number of the comrades of this Corps paid a visit to Earlscourt Corps on Wednesday evening, Mar. 3rd, when a very pleasant evening was spent. Adjutant Cornish, who piloted the programme through, was in full fettle, and had the audience now serious, now laughing, and very instructive addresses on the Men's Social and Women's Social operations were given by Adjutant Turner and Ensign Mrs. Stitt, respectively. A varied programme of vocal and instrumental items, interspersed by short talks, was given, special credit being due to Brother Beckham for his excellent cornet solo, to Ensign Turner for a nice song, with guitar accompaniment, and to Brother S. Knowles, who was good enough to bring with him his gramophone, on which he gave several nice pieces. There was a good attendance, although the night was very chilly, and everyone returned home, feeling that a profitable time had been spent.—J.

RHODES AVE. (TORONTO).

The comrades here recently enjoyed an inspiring four-days' red-hot Holiness Feast, which was presided over by Adjutant and Mrs. Kendall, of Hamilton. Many comrades came to the front for complete sanctification, and getting the victory, partook of the rest of the feast. The

ARMY SONGS

THE WONDROUS CROSS.

Tune.—It was on the cross, &
When I survey the wondrous
cross,
On which the Prince of Glory
did,
My richest gain I count but loss,
And pour contempt on all my pride.
Forbid it, Lord, that I should boast,
Save in the death of Christ, my
God;
All the vain things that charm me
most,
I sacrifice them to His blood.
See, from His head, His hands, His
feet,
Sorrow and love flow mingled
down;
Did e'er such love and sorrow meet,
Or thorns compose so rich a
crown?

Were the whole realm of nature
mine,
I would not give it for too small;
Love to amazing, so divine,
Demands my soul, my life, my all.

ANY ROOM FOR JESUS?

Room for Jesus, 153: Never can
tell, 143.

Have you any room for Jesus—
He who bore your load of sin?
As He knocks and asks admission,
Sinner, will you let Him in?

Chorus.
Room for Jesus, King of Glory!
Hasten now, His word obey!
Swing your heart's door widely
open!

Bid Him enter while you may,
Room for pleasure, room for busi-
ness;
But for Christ the Crucified—
Not a place that He can enter,
In the heart for which He died!

Have you any time for Jesus,
As in grace He calls again?
Oh, "To-day" is "time accepted,"
To-morrow you may call in vain.

Room and time now give to Jesus;
Soon will pass God's day of grace;
Soon your heart be cold and silent,
And your Saviour's pleading
cease.

ALL FOR THEE.

Tunes.—Joy, freedom, peace, 216.
Joy, freedom, peace, and cease-
less blessing,
All, all for thee.
If, while your weakness still con-
fessing,
To your Redeemer you flee.

Chorus.

All the world can ne'er console thee,
Cannot bring thee joy;
Jesus alone can satisfy thee,
He will thy sorrow destroy.

Joy, dearer than a thousand treas-
ures,
With those receive;
Jesus will deal it without measure
If in His power you believe.

Free from your doubts and fear for
ever,
Will you not be?
Jesus thine chains of doubt will
sever.
If you this freedom would see.

Peace, flowing calmly as a river,
Now you may find;
From all your troubles He'll deliver
While to His will you're resigned.

BRIGADIER AND MRS. GREEN

Lead Inspiring Meetings at Van-
couver I. Corps.

The services on Peace Sunday
were conducted at Vancouver I.
Corps by Brigadier and Mrs. Green,
and were of a very blessed and help-
ful character. The holiness meet-
ing at night, and the Salva-
tion meeting at night, were both
seasons when we verily felt that the
God of Peace came very near.
In the afternoon, the Brigadier
referred to the fact "significant of
the cordial feeling existing," that
for the last one hundred years,
along an imaginary boundary line
of 3890 miles, there had been no
of garrison erected, save: the
good-will and honour of the British
and American people.

Following this was a service of
songs, entitled "Soldier Jim's Re-
sponse," a touching episode of the
present war. The reading of the
exchange of "the very appropriate
greeting" from our own Commis-
sioner and Commander Eva Booth,
stoner and Commander Eva Booth,
was also much appreciated. We fin-
ished a good day with three souls at
the Mercy Seat, and many others
also rising to reconsecrate them-
selves to God.—Rite.

TEN DAY'S CAMPAIGN.

Staff Songsters Have Good Start at
Ligar St. (Toronto).—Hon.
Thos. Crawford Presides
at Festival of Praine.

The attendances at the meetings
conducted in connection with the
Ten Days' Campaign at Ligar St.
have been very good. On Saturday,
March 6th, Major Arnold, assisted
by the Male Choir, was in charge of
the service.

The Kace Drill on Sunday was
conducted by Captain Ritchie, while
Lieut.-Colonel Smetton was in
charge of the morning and night
meetings. The morning meeting was
a deeply spiritual season, and at
night, after earnest appeals and
singing which gripped the hearts of
the people, two young men surren-
dered. The congregation was more
than doubled.

On Sunday afternoon a Festival
of Praise was given, in which the
Ligar Street Band and Songsters
took part. The Hon. Thomas Craw-
ford, M.P.P., and ex-Speaker of the
Ontario Legislature, presided. He
is a good friend of The Army, as has
been evinced by his various visits to
our meetings and words of appre-
ciation.

At the open-air meeting on Sun-
day night, attention was given by
the large crowd around when the
Staff Songsters sang "Thou art My
Saviour" as a "Saviour." Adjutant
and Mrs. Houldinott and the Ligar St.
comrades speak in the highest terms
concerning the meetings so far held.

MONTHLY VISIT.

Brigadier Bettridge at St. Thomas,
Ontario.

We had much cause for rejoicing
on Sunday evening, Feb. 28th, for a
young comrade, for whom we had
been praying a long time, surren-
dered. Our comrade volunteered to
the front as soon as the invitation
was given. Brigadier Bettridge was
with us on the following Friday to
lead our monthly special meeting;
and we had a very helpful time. At
7 p.m., a Young People's Rally was
held, and at eight, the Brigadier
held the Seniors' meeting. He spoke
with power on "The Friends of
Jesus," and, considering the wild-
ness of the weather, such a large
very good attendance.—E. W.

COMING EVENTS

THE COMMISSIONER'S APPOINTMENTS

Galt—March 24.
Berlin—March 25.
Brampton—March 26.
Toronto—Good Friday Morning.
Toronto—Easter Sunday, Ligar St.
London—Young People's Day,
April 11.
Lippincott—April 12, Cadets, 3
p.m., April 12.
Massey Hall—Commissioning of
Officers, 8 p.m., April 12.
Montreal—April 12.
Owen Sound—April 24-25.
Stratford—April 26.
Ingersoll—April 27.
Woodstock—April 27.
London—April 29.
Chatham—April 30.
Windsor—May 1st.
(Lieut.-Colonel Turner and Har-
grave will accompany to all Corps
outside of Toronto.)

THE CHIEF SECRETARY

*Kingston—March 27-28.
*Chester—Young People's Annual,
March 22.
*Temple—March 28.
*Massey Hall—Good Friday Morn-
ing.
*Ligar Street—Easter Sunday,
London—Young People's Day,
April 11. Lecture, Y.M.C.A., at-
ternoon only.
*Windsor—May 1-2.
(*Mrs. Gaskin will accompany.)

LIEUT.-COLONEL TURNER.
Lippincott St. March 27-28.

BRIGADIER MORRIS.

Toronto I. Mar. 19. Wyckwood,
Mar. 21; Yorkville, Mar. 28.

BRIGADIER CAMERON.

(Assisted by Captain Eastwell and
Brigade of Women Cadets.)
Parliament Street, Mar. 21; King
Street, Mar. 28.

BRIGADIER ADRY.

Galt, Mar. 24; Berlin, Mar. 25;
Brampton, Mar. 26; Guelph, Mar.
27, 28, and 29.

MAJOR MCGILLIVRAY.

Guelph, April 3-4.

MAJOR ARNOLD.

Earlscourt, March 27-28.

THE STAFF SONGSTERS.

(Lieut.-Colonel Smetton, Leader;
Major Arnold, Conductor.)
Thornhill, March 28; Berlin, Sat.
and Sun. (Easter), April 3-4;
Galt, Mon. April 5.

STAFF-CAPTAIN WHITE.

Samia, March 20-21.
Bridges Piquette,
Brampton, March 28-29.

Captain Clayton.

Colalt, Mar. 27-28; North Bay, Mar.
29; Bracebridge, Mar. 24.

Mrs. Blanche Johnston.

West-Toronto, April 21; Industrial
Corps (Toronto), April 4.

The Canadian Staff Songsters will
conduct their first week-end cam-
paign outside Toronto in connec-
tion with the Easter Holidays. They
will visit Berlin, Ont., on Saturday
and Sunday, April 23rd and 24th, and
Galt on Monday, April 25th.

When a fore is reduced do not rest
upon your arms; we must fight the
good fight until we maintain every
inch of ground taken until we reach
Berlin, Land.

WAR CRY

GAZETTE OF THE SALVATION ARMY IN CANADA AND NEWFOUNDLAND

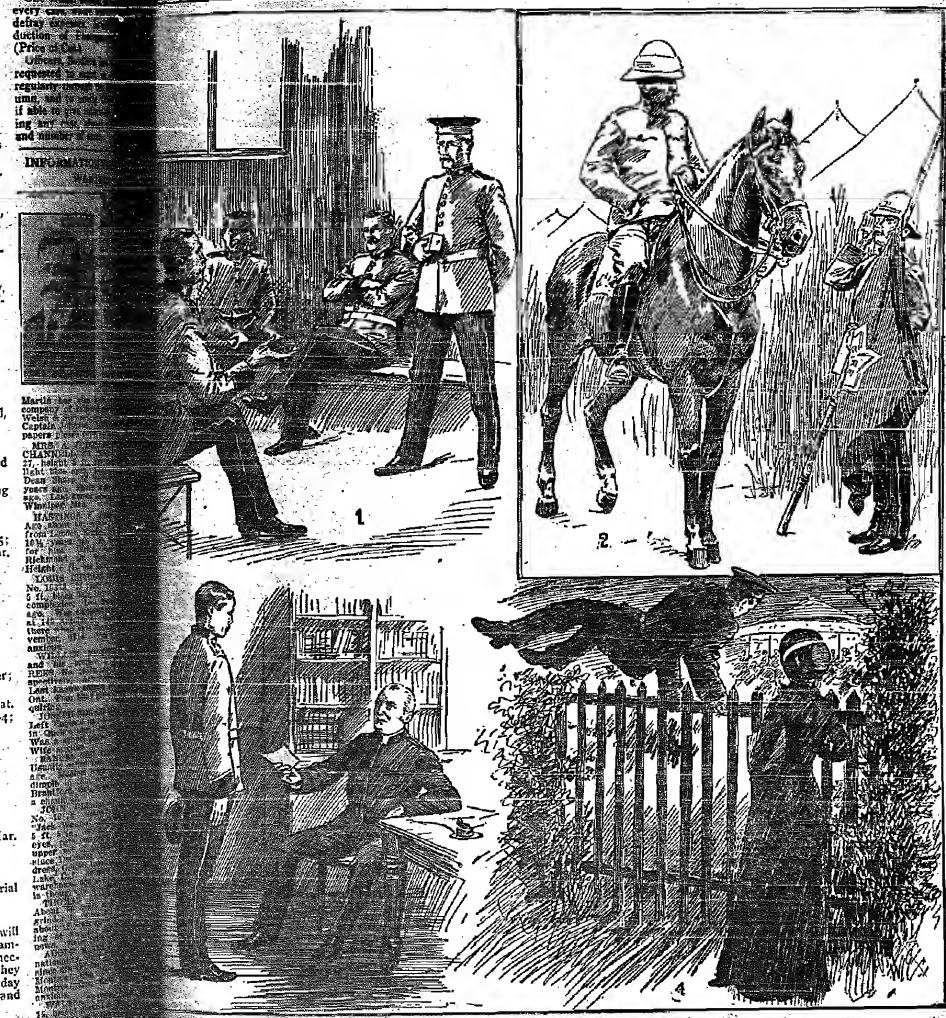
Headquarters: 201 Queen Victoria St., London, E.C.

Territorial Headquarters: James and Albert Sts., Toronto.

W. Bramwell Booth, General

TORONTO, MARCH 27, 1915.

W. J. Richards, Commissioner. Price Five Cents.



What it is to slouch along the Thames Embankment and hold out my hand for a bowl of Salvation Army Soup." 2. "Corporal, are
you a soldier?" said the Colonel. "Yes, sir," the Corporal replied. "It's grand," further said the Colonel; "you stick to it." 3. The Chap-
lain informed him that he was forgiven. 4. The man made another leap over the fence.—(See Page 3)